

# Summary of HSRL Subset Data File

18 December 2017

## ***Table of Contents:***

|                                                                                                  |           |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>Table of Contents:</b>                                                                        | <b>1</b>  |
| <b>Overview:</b>                                                                                 | <b>2</b>  |
| <b>Reduced HDF5 Files</b>                                                                        | <b>3</b>  |
| <br>                                                                                             |           |
| <b>State parameter variables: input data from balloon sondes or meteorological models (GMAO)</b> | <b>3</b>  |
| <b>Aircraft position information from Nav_Data/GPS</b>                                           | <b>4</b>  |
| <b>Science Data Products: Analyzed data products</b>                                             | <b>5</b>  |
| <b>DataProducts – Atmospheric</b>                                                                | <b>5</b>  |
| <b>DataProducts - Ocean</b>                                                                      | <b>9</b>  |
| <br>                                                                                             |           |
| <b>User input parameters: input variables for data analysis</b>                                  | <b>10</b> |
| <br>                                                                                             |           |
| <b>Maximum and minimum altitudes of calculated products</b>                                      | <b>11</b> |
| <br>                                                                                             |           |
| <b>HDFView image of file folders</b>                                                             | <b>12</b> |

## Overview:

This a draft document that will be continually updated but is intended to help with reading and using the HSRL data sets.

This document provides information on the HSRL HDF subset data files. The data are stored in HDF5 format and the files contain all the processed data products for each flight. The main purpose of this document is to provide a simple and brief overview of the variables that are contained in the file. This document does not contain any special conditions that may have been included for specific flights. It is also recommended that users of the HSRL data products contact the HSRL team before performing their research. This document will periodically be updated and the user should request the latest version available from the HSRL team. Contact Emails: [Johnathan.W.Hair@nasa.gov](mailto:Johnathan.W.Hair@nasa.gov); [Richard.A.Ferrare@nasa.gov](mailto:Richard.A.Ferrare@nasa.gov); [Chris.A.Hostetler@nasa.gov](mailto:Chris.A.Hostetler@nasa.gov); [Amy.Jo.Scarino@nasa.gov](mailto:Amy.Jo.Scarino@nasa.gov) .

The data is stored by **profiles** which has typically been hardware averaged to 0.5 seconds. The range sampling for the HSRL-1 data is currently set at ~1.25m range **bins**. Two HDF5 files are created, one that retains the high bandwidth resolution (hereafter referred to as the **HBW** file) of 1.25m. The second low bandwidth resolution file (hereafter referred to as the **LBW** file) applies a digital filter of 30m to the 532nm data channels (the 1064nm data channels have an electronic filter of 30m) and data are interpolated to an oversampled ~15m vertical resolution. Therefore the signals have 30m resolution with a 15m sampling interval. In both files (HBW and LBW) the raw data is altitude aligned based on the aircraft GPS altitude and interpolated to standard sets of altitude range bins that begin at -300m below sea level and extend to 150m above the highest altitude during the flight. The altitude vector that the data is interpolated to is stored in the file at DataProducts /Altitude in each respective file.

All of the atmospheric data products are calculated from the 15m interpolated altitudes stored in the LBW file. However, the ocean data products are calculated from the ~1.25m range bin signals which have been re-registered to the retrieved surface bin to ~500m above sea level and stored in the HBW file. In the case of the ocean products, the vector DataProducts /Depth in the HBW files represents the vertical extent of the analyzed data products – depth has been corrected for the change in the index of refraction of water below the ocean surface. All averaging is done in a running (filtered) average which maintains the same number of profiles and interpolated range bins. Note that the averaged data products will not be statistically independent. All averaging intervals are recorded in the file (see table UserInputs).

The subset HDF5 files are a combination of the LBW atmospheric and HBW ocean files typically sub-sampled at 10 seconds. Atmospheric products are under DataProducts and ocean products are found in the folder OceanDataProducts. The ocean products are truncated at the ocean surface which is reflected in the accompanying OceanDataProducts/Depth vector.

## Reduced and Subset HDF Files

The 20 channels (only 16 channels used) of raw data signal returns are gridded and stored along with the various data products at resolutions described previously in the LBW (atmospheric) and HBW (ocean) files. The engineering, navigation, gains, user input and state parameter data are saved in each file.

The HSRL analyzed data files are sub-sampled for distribution due to the large file size associated with the full HSRL HDF files (~12.5 Gb/hour of flight for the HBW ocean data files and ~2 Gb/hour of flight for the LBW atmospheric data files). The subset file contains all of the calculated variables as well as relevant metadata, however the engineering, gain and raw data are not included. The data are also decimated to further reduce the file size. The amount of decimation depends on the backscatter product's temporal average, *532\_bs\_time\_avg*, and is chosen so that only one profile in each time average is included in the subset. For example if the raw HSRL data are sampled at 0.5 s resolution and a 10 s average is applied in the backscatter calculation, the file is decimated by a factor of 20. The atmospheric and ocean extinction product, which typically has a longer temporal average than the backscatter and depolarization products, is decimated by the same amount as the other products to preserve the array size. *Therefore, please note that the extinction product is over sampled in the subset file.* No sub-setting is performed along the height dimension of these products.

The following tables use these notations for size:

nr = number of records in hdf5 file

plen = profile length for atmospheric data products

polen = profile length for ocean data products

### State Parameter Variables: Input data from balloon sondes or Meteorological Models (GMAO)

State parameters used in the retrievals are input from either balloon sondes or meteorological models. Currently there are several model options and the filename is provided in the user input parameters. Most preliminary analyses use the balloon data for the entire flight. Post processed data typically use the GMAO state data interpolated to each altitude, latitude and longitude for each profile.

| State | Variable Name     | Type   | Size      | Units           | Description                            |
|-------|-------------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|----------------------------------------|
|       | Temperature       | double | [plen nr] | K               | Temperature                            |
|       | Pressure          | double | [plen nr] | atm             | Pressure                               |
|       | Number_Density    | double | [plen nr] | m <sup>-3</sup> | Molecular Number Density               |
|       | Relative_Humidity | double | [plen nr] | %               | Relative Humidity in percent           |
|       | U                 | double | [plen nr] | m/s             | GMAO ONLY: U (east) component of wind  |
|       | V                 | double | [plen nr] | m/s             | GMAO ONLY: V (north) component of wind |

|  |            |        |           |       |                                    |
|--|------------|--------|-----------|-------|------------------------------------|
|  | O3         | double | [plen nr] | kg/kg | GMAO ONLY: O3 mixing ratio profile |
|  | State_Type | uint16 | [1 1]     | flag  | 1=sonde, 2=model (GMAO)            |

### ***Aircraft position information from Nav\_Data/GPS***

| Nav_Data | Variable Name      | Type   | Size   | Units | Description                                |
|----------|--------------------|--------|--------|-------|--------------------------------------------|
|          | gps_time           | double | [1 nr] | hrs   | UTC hours                                  |
|          | gps_lat            | double | [1 nr] | deg   | Latitude                                   |
|          | gps_lon            | double | [1 nr] | deg   | Longitude                                  |
|          | gps_gnd_speed_knts | double | [1 nr] | knots | Ground speed                               |
|          | gps_gnd_speed_kmph | double | [1 nr] | kmph  | Ground speed                               |
|          | gps_heading        | double | [1 nr] | none  | Aircraft heading                           |
|          | gps_date           | double | [1 nr] | none  | Date                                       |
|          | gps_fixquality     | double | [1 nr] | none  | Quality flag from Applanix GPS data stream |
|          | gps_num_satellites | double | [1 nr] | none  | Number of satellites acquired from GPS     |
|          | gps_horz_dilution  | double | [1 nr] | none  | TBD                                        |
|          | gps_alt            | double | [1 nr] | m     | Altitude of aircraft                       |
|          | gps_geoid_alt      | double | [1 nr] | m     | Altitude of geoid                          |
|          | imu_roll           | double | [1 nr] | deg   | Aircraft roll angle                        |
|          | imu_pitch          | double | [1 nr] | deg   | Aircraft pitch angle                       |
|          | imu_heading        | double | [1 nr] | none  | TBD                                        |
|          | imu_roll_rate      | double | [1 nr] | none  | TBD                                        |
|          | imu_pitch_rate     | double | [1 nr] | none  | TBD                                        |
|          | imu_yaw_rate       | double | [1 nr] | none  | TBD                                        |
|          | imu_x_vel          | double | [1 nr] | m/s   | TBD                                        |
|          | imu_y_vel          | double | [1 nr] | m/s   | TBD                                        |
|          | imu_z_vel          | double | [1 nr] | m/s   | TBD                                        |
|          | RollAccuracy       | double | [1 nr] | deg   | TBD                                        |
|          | PitchAccuracy      | double | [1 nr] | deg   | TBD                                        |
|          | HeadingAccuracy    | double | [1 nr] | deg   | TBD                                        |
|          | HeadingFlag        | double | [1 nr] | none  | TBD                                        |
|          | IMUFlag            | double | [1 nr] | none  | TBD                                        |
|          | TrueVehicleTrack   | double | [1 nr] | deg   | Aircraft track heading                     |
|          | TrueHeading        | double | [1 nr] | deg   | Aircraft TRUE heading                      |

## Science Data Products: Analyzed data products

The backscatter ratios are defined to be the ratio of the backscatter coefficient to the Cabannes portion of the molecular backscatter coefficient. The total molecular backscatter coefficient is 2.5 % greater due to the rotational Raman signal as noted by She, 2001:

She, C. 2001, "Spectral Structure of Laser Light Scattering Revisited: Bandwidths of Nonresonant Scattering Lidars." Applied Optics LP, vol. 40, Issue 27, pp.4875-4884.

## Data Products - Atmospheric

| DataProducts | Variable Name          | Type   | Size      | Units                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------|------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|              | Altitude               | double | [plen 1]  | m                                 | Altitude vector for data products                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|              | 532_ext                | double | [plen nr] | km <sup>-1</sup>                  | Retrieved 532nm aerosol extinction coefficient. Values closer than 2500m to the aircraft are not calculated due to overlap.<br>$532\_ext = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \ln \left\{ \frac{P_{mol} r^2}{F \beta_{mol}} \right\} - a_m$                                                         |
|              | 532_bsr                | double | [plen nr] | ratio                             | Ratio of Aerosol backscatter coefficient to the molecular backscatter coefficient at 532nm. The total scattering ratio is calculated by adding one.<br>$532\_bsr = \frac{\beta_{aer}}{\beta_{mol}} = \frac{\beta_{aer}^{\parallel} + \beta_{aer}^{\perp}}{\beta_{mol}^{\parallel} + \beta_{mol}^{\perp}}$ |
|              | 532_bsr_cloud_screened | double | [plen nr] | ratio                             | Backscatter ratio with cloud mask applied.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|              | 532_bsc                | double | [plen nr] | km <sup>-1</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup> | Aerosol volume backscatter coefficient at 532nm<br>$532\_bsc = \beta_{aer} = \beta_{aer}^{\parallel} + \beta_{aer}^{\perp}$                                                                                                                                                                               |
|              | 532_bsc_cloud_screened | double | [plen nr] | km <sup>-1</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup> | Aerosol volume backscatter coefficient at 532nm with cloud mask applied.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|              | 532_total_attn_bsc     | double | [plen nr] | km <sup>-1</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup> | Attenuated backscatter coefficient. The data are normalized to the calculated aerosol backscatter + molecular in 1.0km to 1.5km from the aircraft altitude.<br>$532\_total\_attn\_bsc = \frac{\beta_{aer}^{\parallel} + \beta_{aer}^{\perp}}{\beta_{norm}}$                                               |
|              | 532_bsc_Sa             | double | [plen nr] | km <sup>-1</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup> | Aerosol volume backscatter coefficient at 532nm. This backscatter coefficient is different from above due to the fact that it is averaged to the same horizontal and vertical average as the extinction coefficient and is used to calculate extinction-to-backscatter ratio.                             |

|                         |        |           |                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                         |        |           |                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 532_dep                 | double | [plen nr] | ratio                             | <p>Retrieved 532nm total (volume) depolarization ratio. This parameter includes both molecular and aerosol scattering and is calculated by taking the ratio of the perpendicular (cross polarized) and parallel (co-polarized) <i>total</i> scattering channels. The parallel and perpendicular signals are corrected for optical and electronic gains via an internal calibration made during flight.</p> $532\_dep = \frac{\beta_{mol.}^{\perp} + \beta_{aer.}^{\perp}}{\beta_{mol.}^{\parallel} + \beta_{aer.}^{\parallel}}$ |
| 532_aer_dep             | double | [plen nr] | ratio                             | <p>Retrieved 532nm aerosol depolarization ratio. This parameter is calculated by taking the ratio of the perpendicular (cross polarized) and parallel <i>aerosol</i> backscatter coefficients.</p> $532\_dep = \frac{\beta_{aer.}^{\perp}}{\beta_{aer.}^{\parallel}}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 532_Sa                  | double | [plen nr] | sr                                | Retrieved extinction-to-backscatter ratio at 532nm. The product is averaged to the same horizontal and vertical average as the extinction coefficient.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1064_ext                | double | [plen nr] | km <sup>-1</sup>                  | Retrieved 1064 aerosol extinction coefficient using scaled Sa values from the 532 channel. In some campaigns this may only use a constant value of Sa for the retrievals.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1064_bsr                | double | [plen nr] | ratio                             | <p>Retrieved ratio of aerosol backscatter coefficient to the molecular backscatter coefficient at 1064nm, using the Fernald solution and the 532 <math>\beta_a</math> in a clean region.</p> $1064\_bsr = \frac{\beta_{aer.}}{\beta_{mol}} = \frac{\beta_{aer.}^{\parallel} + \beta_{aer.}^{\perp}}{\beta_{mol}^{\parallel} + \beta_{mol}^{\perp}}$                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 1064_bsr_cloud_screened | double | [plen nr] | ratio                             | 1064 backscatter ratio with cloud mask applied                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 1064_bsc                | double | [plen nr] | km <sup>-1</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup> | <p>Retrieved aerosol volume backscatter coefficient at 1064nm, using the Fernald solution and the 532 <math>\beta_a</math> in a clean region.</p> $1064\_bsc = \beta_{aer} = \beta_{aer}^{\parallel} + \beta_{aer}^{\perp}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 1064_bsc_cloud_screened | double | [plen nr] | km <sup>-1</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup> | Aerosol volume backscatter coefficient at 1064nm with cloud mask applied                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 1064_total_attn_bsc     | double | [plen nr] | km <sup>-1</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup> | <p>1064 attenuated backscatter coefficient. The data are normalized to the calculated aerosol backscatter + molecular in 1.0km to 1.5km from the aircraft altitude.</p> $1064\_total\_attn\_bsc = \frac{\beta_{aer}^{\parallel} + \beta_{aer}^{\perp}}{\beta_{norm}}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

|                  |        |           |                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------|--------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                  |        |           |                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 1064_dep         | double | [plen nr] | ratio                             | <p>Retrieved 532nm total (volume) depolarization ratio. This parameter includes both molecular and aerosol scattering and is calculated by taking the ratio of the perpendicular (cross polarized) and parallel <i>total</i> scattering channels. The parallel and perpendicular signals are corrected for optical and electronic gains via an internal calibration made during flight.</p> $1064\_dep = \frac{\beta_{mol.}^{\perp} + \beta_{aer.}^{\perp}}{\beta_{mol.}^{\parallel} + \beta_{aer.}^{\parallel}}$ |
| 1064_aer_dep     | double | [plen nr] | ratio                             | <p>Retrieved 1064nm aerosol depolarization ratio. This parameter is calculated by taking the ratio of the perpendicular (cross polarized) and parallel (co-polarized) <i>aerosol</i> backscatter coefficients.</p> $1064\_aerdep = \frac{\beta_{aer.}^{\perp}}{\beta_{aer.}^{\parallel}}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 1064_bsc_Sa      | double | [plen nr] | km <sup>-1</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup> | 1064 nm aerosol backscatter ratio used for Sa calculation (averaged similar to extinction coeff.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| WVD_1064_532     | double | [plen nr] | ratio                             | <p>Retrieved wavelength dependence based on the aerosol backscatter coefficient at 1064 and 532nm.</p> $WVD\_1064\_532 = -\ln\left(\frac{\beta_{aer}^{1064nm}}{\beta_{aer}^{1532nm}}\right) / \ln\left(\frac{1064nm}{532nm}\right)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 532_AOT_lo       | double | [1 nr]    | none                              | 532nm Aerosol optical thickness determined from the extinction profile and also using the backscatter and Sa value near the surface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 532_AOT_hi       | double | [1 nr]    | none                              | 532nm Aerosol optical thickness determined from the molecular channel near the aircraft and near the surface. The lower point uses a fit over a small range of range bins to determine the signal level near the surface and the fit is extrapolated to the ground.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 532_AOT_hi_col   | double | [plen nr] | none                              | 532nm Aerosol optical thickness as a function of altitude as determined from the molecular signal. The AOT value in the lowest altitude bin is filled with AOT_hi.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| cloud_top_height | double | [1 nr]    | km                                | Cloud identification flag and cloud height information                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

|  |                    |        |           |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--|--------------------|--------|-----------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | mask_low           | double | [plen nr] | none | Mask for all data products based on the molecular backscatter signal. A signal threshold over background light is used to determine when there is no signal to produce retrieved products.                                           |
|  | Aerosol_D          | double | [plen nr] | none | Aerosol type per S. Burton's typing algorithms: 1=ice, 2=dusty mix, 3=maritime, 4=urban, 5=smoke, 6=fresh smoke, 7=polluted maritime, 8=pure dust.                                                                                   |
|  | Dust_Mixing_Ratio  | double | [plen nr] | sr   | Dust mixing ratio, X, calculated from Eq 7 of Sugimoto and Lee, Appl Opt 2006:<br>$X = \left( \frac{(1 + \delta_{d532}) \cdot \delta_{532}}{\delta_{d532} \cdot (1 + \delta_{532})} \right) \quad \delta_{d532} = 0.35$              |
|  | Angstrom_Dust      | double | [plen nr] | sr   | Angstrom coefficient of dust particles calculated from Eq 17 of Sugimoto and Lee, Appl Opt 2006 (with A and B defined as in Eq. 16)<br>$\gamma_d = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{A}{B}\right)}{\ln(2)}$                                       |
|  | Angstrom_Spherical | double | [plen nr] | sr   | Angstrom coefficient of spherical particles calculated from Eq 18 of Sugimoto and Lee, Appl Opt 2006 (using values defined in Eq.18 and Eq. 13):<br>$\gamma_s = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{1 - X}{R_\beta - \frac{XB}{A}}\right)}{\ln(2)}$ |

## Data Products - Ocean

Note that polen is a subset of the high resolution plen and spans from -224m (below surface) to ~500m (above surface.) The HPD designation in the variable names refers to hybrid photodiode detectors used for these measurements. Signals sensed concurrently by photomultiplier tube detectors were also recorded and data products from these detectors are available in the full set HBW files but not in the subset files.

| OceanDataProducts | Variable Name      | Type   | Size       | Units                            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------------|--------------------|--------|------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                   | Depth              | double | [polen 1]  | m                                | Altitude of ocean data products includes index of refraction correction below surface for water                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                   | HPD_ocean_mask_low | double | [polen nr] | none                             | Low signal mask index for the ocean returns based on HPD Molecular Signal                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                   | HPD_ocean_ext      | double | [polen nr] | m <sup>-1</sup>                  | 532 diffuse lidar attenuation coefficient using HPD channel<br>$ocean\_ext = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \ln \left\{ \frac{P_{moll} r^2}{F \beta_{water}} \right\}$ $\beta_{water} = 2.45e-4 \text{ m}^{-1}\text{sr}^{-1} = \text{molecular 180 backscatter at 532 nm}$ |
|                   | HPD_ocean_bsc      | double | [polen nr] | m <sup>-1</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup> | 532 particulate backscatter coefficient derived from HPD<br>$ocean\_bsc = \beta_{par} = (\beta_{par}^{\parallel} + \beta_{par}^{\perp})$                                                                                                                                             |
|                   | HPD_ocean_bsr      | double | [polen nr] | ratio                            | 532 particulate backscatter scattering ratio derived from HPD<br>$ocean\_bsr = \frac{\beta_{par}}{\beta_{water}} = \frac{\beta_{par}^{\parallel} + \beta_{par}^{\perp}}{\beta_{water}^{\parallel} + \beta_{water}^{\perp}}$                                                          |
|                   | HPD_ocean_bbp      | double | [polen nr] | m <sup>-1</sup>                  | 532 particulate hemispherical backscatter coefficient derived from HPD<br>$b_{bp} = \chi_p (2\pi) \beta_{der}$ Value for $\chi_p$ currently uses 0.5                                                                                                                                 |
|                   | HPD_ocean_dep      | double | [polen nr] | ratio                            | 532 total depolarization ratio derived from HPD<br>$ocean\_dep = \frac{\beta_{water}^{\perp} + \beta_{par}^{\perp}}{\beta_{water}^{\parallel} + \beta_{par}^{\parallel}}$                                                                                                            |
|                   | HPD_ocean_aer_dep  | double | [polen nr] | ratio                            | 532 particulate depolarization ratio derived from HPD<br>$532\_aerdep = \frac{\beta_{par}^{\perp}}{\beta_{par}^{\parallel}}$                                                                                                                                                         |
|                   | HPD_Kd_slope       | double | [1 nr]     | m <sup>-1</sup>                  | 532 diffuse lidar attenuation coefficient based derivative of molecular signal from HPD                                                                                                                                                                                              |

### User input parameters: input variables for data analysis

| UserInput | Variable Name            | Type   | Size      | Units   | Description                                                                           |
|-----------|--------------------------|--------|-----------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|           | DEM_altitude             | double | [1 nr]    | m       | Altitude of GLOBE digital elevation map including GEBCO ocean depths                  |
|           | range_interp             | double | [plen nr] | m       | Range of interpolated lidar signal at same grid as data products                      |
|           | filter_Brillouin_HPD     | double | [1 1]     | none    | Iodine filter transmission coefficients for ocean Brillouin scattering in HPD channel |
|           | ocean_backscatter_chi    | double | [1 1]     | none    | Ocean backscatter chi                                                                 |
|           | ocean_water_backscatter  | double | [1 1]     | none    | Ocean water backscatter (Morel)                                                       |
|           | ocean_etalon_attenuation | double | [1 1]     | none    | Etalon attenuation                                                                    |
|           | ocean_raman_fraction     | double | [1 1]     | none    | Raman attenuation fraction                                                            |
|           | range_offset             | double | [1 1]     | m       | Offset in high resolution bins between start of data and laser fire                   |
|           | tilt_angle               | double | [1 1]     | degrees | Mounting pitch angle of the instrument (determined empirically)                       |
|           | seed_lock_offset         | double | [1 1]     | GHz     | Offset from seed lock line                                                            |
|           | 532_bs_time_avg          | single | [1 1]     | sec     | Time average for 532nm backscatter coefficient                                        |
|           | 532_bs_range_avg         | single | [1 1]     | m       | Range average for 532nm backscatter coefficient                                       |
|           | 532_ext_time_avg         | single | [1 1]     | sec     | Time average for 532nm extinction coefficient                                         |
|           | 532_ext_range_avg        | single | [1 1]     | m       | Range average for 532nm extinction coefficient                                        |
|           | 532_depol_time_avg       | single | [1 1]     | sec     | Time average for 532nm total depolarization ratio                                     |
|           | 532_depol_range_avg      | single | [1 1]     | m       | Range average for 532nm total depolarization ratio                                    |
|           | 1064_depol_time_avg      | single | [1 1]     | sec     | Time average for 1064nm total depolarization ratio                                    |
|           | 1064_depol_range_avg     | single | [1 1]     | m       | Range average for 1064nm total depolarization ratio                                   |
|           | 1064_bs_time_avg         | single | [1 1]     | sec     | Time average for 1064nm backscatter coefficient                                       |
|           | 1064_bs_range_avg        | single | [1 1]     | m       | Range average for 1064nm backscatter coefficient                                      |
|           | 1064_calibration         | double | [3 nr]    | none    | Array of the 1064 calibration start altitude, stop altitude, and 532 bsr              |
|           | offset_angle             | double | [1 nr]    | none    | Cosine of the angle of the mount plus pitch and roll                                  |

## ***Maximum and minimum altitudes of calculated products***

The maximum and minimum altitudes for the calculated variables are listed in Table 1

**Table 1**

| <i>Variable Name</i> | <i>Minimum Altitude</i>                              | <i>Maximum Altitude</i> |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 532_ext              | (filter window – 2 bins) above<br>(ground + 2 bins). | 2.5 km below aircraft   |
| 532_bsr              | 2 bins above ground                                  | 500 m below aircraft    |
| 532_bsc              | 2 bins above ground                                  | 500 m below aircraft    |
| 532_total_attn_bsc   |                                                      | 1.5 km below aircraft   |
| 532_dep              | 2 bins above ground                                  | 500 m below aircraft    |
| 532_aer_dep          | 2 bins above ground                                  | 500 m below aircraft    |
| 1064_ext             | 2 bins above ground                                  | 750 m below aircraft    |
| 1064_bsr             | 2 bins above ground                                  | 750 m below aircraft    |
| 1064_bsc             | 2 bins above ground                                  | 750 m below aircraft    |
| 1064_total_attn_bsc  |                                                      | 1.5 km below aircraft   |
| 1064_dep             | 2 bins above ground                                  | 500 m below aircraft    |
| 1064_aer_dep         | 2 bins above ground                                  | 500 m below aircraft    |
| Sa_532               | (filter window – 2 bins) above<br>(ground + 2 bins). | 2.5 km below aircraft   |
| WVD_1064_532         | 2 bins above ground                                  | 500 m below aircraft    |
| AOT_lo               | 2 bins above ground                                  | 2.5 km below aircraft   |
| AOT_hi               | Extrapolated to ground                               | 2.5 km below aircraft   |
| AOT_hi_col           | Extrapolated to ground                               | 2.5 km below aircraft   |

20140726\_F1\_sub.h5

Channel Names

DataProducts

DataUncertainty

Nav\_Data

OceanDataProducts

OceanDataUncertainty

OceanProcess\_Log

Process\_Log

RawUncertainty

Read\_Me\_First

State

UserInput

UserInputOcean

TextView - Read\_Me\_First - / - 20140726\_F1\_sub.h5

Text

Data selection: [0] ~ [22]

|    |                                                                                                                                              |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0  | PI: Hostetler, Dr. Chris                                                                                                                     |
| 1  | NASA Langley Research Center                                                                                                                 |
| 2  | NASA/Langley Airborne HSRL-1                                                                                                                 |
| 3  | SABOR 2014                                                                                                                                   |
| 4  | PI_CONTACT_INFO: Address: MS 420 NASA/LaRC, Hampton, VA 23681; email: chris.a.hostetler@nasa.gov; 757-864-5373                               |
| 5  | PLATFORM: NASA/Langley UC-12                                                                                                                 |
| 6  | LOCATION: Lat, Lon, and Alt included in the nav data records                                                                                 |
| 7  | ASSOCIATED_DATA: N/A                                                                                                                         |
| 8  | INSTRUMENT_INFO: High Spectral Resolution Lidar (HSRL)                                                                                       |
| 9  | DATA_INFO: 10 second profiles, higher resolution HDF5 files available upon request (ftp)                                                     |
| 10 | UNCERTAINTY: Uncertainty products are included in this release                                                                               |
| 11 | DM_CONTACT_INFO: amy.jo.scarino@nasa.gov, johnathan.w.hair@nasa.gov, chris.a.hostetler@nasa.gov                                              |
| 12 | PROJECT_INFO: SABOR 2014                                                                                                                     |
| 13 | STIPULATIONS_ON_USE: Use of these data request informing the PI                                                                              |
| 14 | OTHER_COMMENTS: ApplanixIMU Data Group is now Nav_Data, Ocean Depth parameter is fixed                                                       |
| 15 | REVISION: R2                                                                                                                                 |
| 16 | Archive Data - subsetted from processed atmospheric and ocean files 15-Dec-2017 22:03:23                                                     |
| 17 |                                                                                                                                              |
| 18 | Data products are matrices with dimensions time (/Nav_Data/gps_time) x altitude (/DataProducts/Altitude) or depth (/OceanDataProducts/Depth) |
| 19 | Subset files include both atmospheric (/DataProducts/) and ocean data products (/OceanDataProducts/)                                         |
| 20 | GMAO data are interpolated to HSRL curtains (temperature, pressure, etc.) are under /State/                                                  |
| 21 | Nav Products (time, lat, lon, pitch, roll, etc.) are under /Nav_Data/                                                                        |
| 22 | Subset files include typing under /DataProducts/Aerosol_ID                                                                                   |

HDFView of subset file and folders – Read\_Me\_First section shown